# Product Information 03/2006 Ultramid® A3EG7 PA66-GF35 PA66-GF35

## **Product description**

Glass fibre reinforced injection moulding grade for machinery components and housings of high stiffness and dimensional stability such as lamp socket housings, heating pumps,flow heaters as well as electrically insulating parts.

## Physical form and storage

Ultramid® is supplied dry and ready to use in moisture-proof packaging in the form of cylindrical or flat pellets. Its bulk density is about 0,7g/cm³. Standard packs are the special 25kg bag and the 1000kg bulk container (octagonal IBC= intermediate bulk container made from corrugated board with a liner bag). Subject to agreement other forms of packaging and shipment in tankers by road or rail are also possible. All containers are tightly sealed and should be opened only immediately prior to processing. To ensure that the perfectly dry material delivered cannot absorb moisture from the air the containers must be stored in dry rooms and always carefully sealed again after portions of material have been withdrawn. Ultramid® can be kept indefinitely in the undamaged bags. Experience has shown that product supplied in IBCs can be stored for about 3 months without any adverse effects on processing properties due to moisture absorption. Containers stored in cold rooms should be allowed to equilibrate to normal temperature so that no condensation forms on the pellets.

### **Product safety**

Ultramid® melts are thermally stable at the usual temperature for A, B and C up to 310°C and 350°C for T and do not give rise to hazards due to molecular degradation or the evolutionon of gases and vapors. Like all thermoplastic polymers Ultramid® decomposes on exposure to excessive thermal load, e.g. when it is overheated or as a result of cleaning by burning off. In such cases gaseous decomposition products are formed. Decomposition accelerates above 310°C (T >350°C) approximately, the initial products formed being mainly carbon monoxide and ammonia, and caprolactam too in the case of Ultramid® B. At temperatures above about 350°C (T>400°C) small quantities of pungent smelling vapors of aldehydes, amines and other nitrogenous decomposition products are also formed. Further safety information see safety data sheet of the individual product.

### Note

The data contained in this publication are based on our current knowledge and experience. In view of the many factors that may affect processing and application of our product, these data do not relieve processors from carrying out their own investigations and tests; neither do these data imply any guarantee of certain properties, nor the suitability of the product for a specific purpose. Any descriptions, drawings, photographs, data, proportions, weights etc. given herein may change without prior information and do not constitute the agreed contractual quality of the product. It is the responsibility of the recipient of our products to ensure that any proprietary rights and existing laws and legislation are observed. In order to check the availability of products please contact us or our sales agency.

# Ultramid® A3EG7



Typical values at 23°C¹)	Test method <sup>2)</sup>	Unit	Values <sup>3)</sup>
Properties			
Polymer abbreviation Density Viscosity number (0.5% in 96 % H2SO4) Moisture absorption, equilibrium 23°C/50% r.h. Water absorption, saturation in water at 23°C	ISO 1183 ISO 307, 1157, 1628 similar to ISO 62 similar to ISO 62	- kg/m³ cm³/g %	PA66-GF35 1410 145 1.4 - 1.8 4.7 - 5.3
Processing			
Melting point  Melt volume-flow rate MVR  Temperature  Load  Melt temperature, injection moulding/extrusion  Mould temperature, injection moulding  Moulding shrinkage, constrained 4)	ISO 11357-1/-3 ISO 1133 ISO 1133 ISO 1133 - -	°C cm³/10min °C kg °C °C °C	260 35 275 5 280 - 300 80 - 90 0.5
Flammability			
UL 94 rating at 1,6 mm thickness Automotive materials (Thickness >= 1mm)	UL 94 -	class -	HB +
Mechanical properties			dry / cond.
Tensile modulus Stress at break Strain at break Tensile creep modulus, 1000 h, strain <= 0.5%, 23°C Flexural modulus Flexural strength Charpy unnotched impact strength (23°C) Charpy unnotched impact strength (-30°C) Charpy notched impact strength (23°C) Charpy notched impact strength (-30°C) Izod notched impact strength (-30°C)	ISO 527-1/-2 ISO 527-1/-2 ISO 527-1/-2 ISO 527-1/-2 ISO 899-1 ISO 178 ISO 178 ISO 179/1eU ISO 179/1eU ISO 179/1eA ISO 179/1eA ISO 180/1A	MPa MPa % MPa MPa MPa kJ/m² kJ/m² kJ/m² kJ/m²	11500 / 8500 210 / 150 3 / 5 * / 6650 10000 / 8000 300 / 240 95 / 105 75 / - 14 / 22 12 / - 14 / 18
Thermal properties			
HDT A (1.80 MPa) HDT B (0.45 MPa) Max. service temperature (short cycle operation) <sup>5)</sup> Temperature index at 50% loss of tensile strength after 5000 h Temperature index at 50% loss of tensile strength after 20000 h Coefficient of linear thermal expansion, longitudinal (23-80)°C Coefficient of linear thermal expansion, transverse (23-80)°C Thermal conductivity Specific heat capacity	ISO 75-1/-2 ISO 75-1/-2 - IEC 216 IEC 216 ISO 11359-1/-2 ISO 11359-1/-2 DIN 52612-1	°C °C °C °C E-4/°C E-4/°C W/(m K) J/(kg*K)	250 250 240 165 135 0.15 - 0.2 0.6 - 0.7 0.35 1500
Electrical properties			dry / cond.
Relative permittivity (1 MHz) Dissipation factor (1 MHz) Volume resistivity Surface resistivity Comparative tracking index, CTI, test liquid A	IEC 60250 IEC 60250 IEC 60093 IEC 60093 IEC 60112	E-4 Ohm*m Ohm	3.5 / 5.7 200 / 1500 1E13 / 1E10 * / 1E10 550

Footnotes
1) If the product definition doesn't state otherwise.
2) Specimens according to CAMPUS.
3) The asterisk symbol "signifies inapplicable properties.
4) Test box with central gaing, dimensions of base (107\*47\*1,5) mm, processing conditions: TM = 290°C, TW = 80°C
5) Empirical values determined on articles repeatedly subjected to the temperature concerned for several hours at a time over a period of several years. Provisio Proper design and processing according to our recommendations.